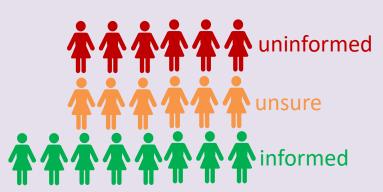
## Birmingham Survey – the results

From autumn 2018 to spring 2019 a survey was conducted, via workshops and questionnaires, by Sarah Bown from the University of Wolverhampton in partnership with BID Services, focussing on the menopause as experienced by Deaf and hard of hearing women. The feedback from participants indicated a greater need for *accessible* information and support.

60% of Deaf women are not informed enough about the menopause.



aware that
symptoms
they are
experiencing
could be
attributed to
the menopause



7% are able to access information in BSL

Despite existing legislation (Equality Act 2010; PSED 2011) and the NHS accessible information standard (2015; 2017), Deaf women **do not have sufficient access** to menopause health information in **British Sign Language (BSL).** 



83% want to access information in BSL

"For most Deaf people, English is a second language and as such they may have a limited ability to read, write or speak English." (NHS accessible information standard, 2015:6)





Those who were given medical leaflets and websites to look at, reported difficulty in understanding them.







## Birmingham and Solihull Survey – the results

66% of Deaf women did not consult healthcare professionals about their menopause symptoms, this is 16% higher\* than the general female population.
\*BMS National Survey 2017

In contrast Deaf women state they need more professional

Low mood
Sweating Panic attacks

No interest in life

Cryling

Frequent urine passing

Loss of interest in sex

Depression

Poor memory

Cryling

Frequent urine passing

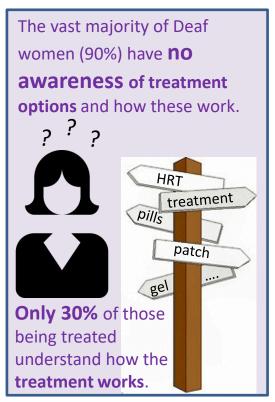
Loss of interest in sex

Dizzy

Joint and muscle pain

Deaf women on average report

nine symptoms of the menopause.



help and advice as they

approach the menopause.

